

ERY,
Dolls. each
ORK,
y, No. I.
Denison,
AND
hen 1.1710.

0 is \$75,000
00 10,000
00 5,000
00 7,000
00 4,000
00 3,000
00 14,000
00 6,000
00 5,000
00 5,000
00 4,000
00 105,000
243,000

price; subject
Prizes paya-
of the draw-

ES.
wing, entitled
to \$1,000.
Tickets from
50, inclusive.
do from No.
500, inclusive.
do from No.
250, inclusive.
do from No.
100, inclusive.
25,000 dolls.
1000
25,000
e entitled to a

ence in the
Tuesday in
to draw 600
st day, when
drawn) until
AY, Bonaple-
here all tick-
ed, and infor-
mationary de-
e. Prizes in
will be taken
this Lottery.
Cash will
on as drawn,
ollars.

the 15th day
thers from 1
se, the next
se numbers,
250 tickets,
ay be drawn
of drawing;
kets for the
rawing; so
y draw One
How? An-
he property
e. 15th day
n the num-
drawn num-
may be No
e numbers
n number,
which will
22,001 to
rawn num-
may be one
which will
22,250 to
and tickets
d Dollars!

ompany

cc. 1809.
ution are
fifteen dis-
ase in A-
of Janu-

ec'y.
th Jan.
will insert
er once a

NS

.
ditions of
g a view
Empire
from Eu-

for Chl-

co2w

Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.]

THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1810.

2693

Sales at Vendue.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

**Wanted to Hire for the ensuing
Year,**

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the
house, and take care of horses. Apply to
the PRINTER.

November 14.

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for
sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins
in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

Just Published,

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-
street.

**A Discourse on the Resurrection
of the Body :**

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, Presi-
dent of Princeton College.

November 10.

**NEW ALMANAC.
COTTON & STEWART,
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR
ALMANAC,**

For 1810.

Containing, besides the astronomical calcula-
tions, a variety of useful and entertaining mat-
ter.

ALSO,

**GERMAN ALMANCS,
For 1810.**

For sale the Gross, Dozen, or single
one

October

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,

HAVING entered into partnership in the
ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS, offer
for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf,
a general assortment of CORDAGE and
SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at
their rope-walk, they will receive orders for
any description of Cordage warranted to be
made out of the best materials and manufac-
tured in such a manner as will bear the in-
spection of the best judges

M. B. A liberal price will be always given
for HEMP of the best quality.

November 24.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexan-
dria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military
services during the revolutionary war. This
land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to
be amongst the best in the state. It will be
sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the
western country, will sell the FARM on
which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles
from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-
ry, and about the same from the Potomac
bridge crossing to the city of Washington—
in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con-
taining about 470 acres, on which is a conve-
nient dwelling house, large enough for a gen-
teel family, together with all the outhouses
suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of
apple trees of selected fruit, together with
different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-
proved meadow for the scythe, and a large
portion more may easily be made. Any per-
son inclined to purchase may know the terms
by application to Mr. JOHN DUTCH, adjoining
the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-
mises.

E. Dulia.

For Freight or Charter,

The Barque
George William,
Burthen 160 tons,
STEPHEN HOPKINS, Master.
Apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said
barque,

118 quarter casks first quality Sherry Wine
40 chests Young Hyson, Hyson and Imper-
ial Teas, of the latest importation.
The above entitled to adventure.
Dec. 30.

LANDING

From the Norfolk Packet and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle;

15 hhds. Retailing MOLASSES,
100 boxes Fresh Muscatel RAISINS.
January 8.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his customers
and friends, that he has

Recommended the Grocery Business,
At his Store on King near Washington-
street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of
goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dis-
pose of each and every article on the mos-
t moderate terms.

May 2.

dof.

BUTTER.

4000 lbs. firkin Butter, in good ship
ping order.

20 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.

40 kegs Leiper's & Garret's Snuffs,

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax-streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries as
usual.

November 28.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by
wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent qua-
lity in casks

1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackerel
50 tons Plaister Paris

20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Dema-
rara Rum

4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities

2 hhds. Copperas
Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
and

TEAS.

Hyson Skin,
Madeira,
Lisbon,
Claret, and
Catalonia

WINES.

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes

Leaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey
per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo,
Spanish Cigars, Butter,

Harris's and Taylor's manufactured To-
bacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento,
Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Can-
dles,

Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and
Leiper's Snuff in bottles.

London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and
best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobac-

co.
November 20.

FOR FREIGHT,

The staunch, fast sailing
Schooner
General Johnston,
Burthen about one hundred tons, Stephen
L. Davis, master.—Apply to
John G. Ladd.
January 4.

LIBERAL WAGES

WILL be given for a smart active BOY
and GIRL for the ensuing year
Apply to the Printer.
Dec. 26.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young
Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon
and Teneriffe Wine.

8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

LANDING

From the sloop Ranger, Captain Campbell,
and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

30 tons Plaister Paris
20 barrels New-England Rum
100 kegs Salmon
4 chests Hyson Tea

30 coils Grass Rope
5000 yards Tow Cloth
33 casks Goshen Cheese, of a superior
quality.

IN STORE,

30,000 weight Green Coffee
25 hogsheads and 20 barrels Muscovado
Sugars

10 chests Young Hyson Tea, of a super-
rior quality.
50 cases Florence Oil, 12 bottles each

100 bolts Ravens Duck
100 reams Writing Paper.
30 barrels Tanners Oil
3 casks Sperm Oil

4 pipes 4th proof Alicante Brandy
4 puncheons Jamaica Rum
200 barrels Mess No. 1 & No. 2 Beef
50 barrels Prime Pork

150 boxes Brown Soap
6 casks Timothy Seed
50 boxes Cod Fish
50 Do. No. 1 & 3 Chocolate
10 barrels Salmon

20,000 lbs. Seal Leather
30 packages Shoes different qualities.
30 casks Bellona Gunpowder
1 case German Checks

WANTED,

1000 bushels clean Rye, for which Cash
will be given.

Apply as above.

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles :
New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the
first quality

Mississippi Cotton of the first quality
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland
Gin

London Particular Madeira,
Sherry
Lisbon

Superior Claret in cases
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Southerland, &
Bohea

Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels
Gunpowder
P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9

Mould Shot, B. C. and S. S. G.
Salt Petre, double refined
Spanish Flotant Indigo
Copperas of the 1st quality

Fresh Nutmegs
Pimento and black Pepper,
Demijohns,

With a general assortment of GROC-
ERIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits
Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.

The above articles will be sold very low by
the wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK
HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Sanderson.

Not 2.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The BRIG
PRESAGE,
Well found and nearly new
burthen 1300 barrels, laying at McLean's
wharf. For terms apply to
Tenny & Ober, or
Daniel McLean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale,
13 hhds. COFFEE,
40 bags COCOA, and
3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 13.

Public Sale.

To be sold, at public sale, at 12 o'clock, on
THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at Mar-
steller and Young's wharf, on a credit,

The Schooner
A L E R T,

With all her tackle, &c. bur-
then about 750 barrels; she is a good vessel
and sails fast; lately sheathed and now in ex-
cellent order. Terms made known at the
time of sale.

January 15.

JUST RECEIVED

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

10 hhds. retailing Molasses.
10 do. 4th proof Jamaica & Anti-
tigua Rum.

20 barrels New England Rum.
Joseph H. Mandeville.

January 10.

The Subscriber

Will dispose of at Public Sale, at 12 o'clock,
on Saturday the 20th day of Jan. on the
premises,

The House and Lot on King Street.
Now occupied by Mr. Thomas Shreve, re-
serving to himself, his heirs and assigns,
free passage at all times from & to the street
feet alley in the back of the lot, to and from
the house now occupied by Mr. R. G. Gray,
and the buildings back of said house.

The terms of sale, one half cash, for the
other half a note with a good endorsement, pay-
able in ninety days from the day of sale, and
negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria.

Stephen Cooke.

January 3

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved
SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in
wood. No land is better adapted to the use of
Plaister of Paris, and there is some very valu-
able meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon
the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles
county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.
September 14.

New Hardware Store.

ADAM LYNN & CO.

Have received by the ship DUMFRIES, from
Liverpool, via Baltimore,

A large and general assortment of
Ironmongery, Cutlery, Sad-
dlery, japanned & brass Ware

Which they now offer for sale, wholesale
and retail, at their store, corner of King
and Royal-streets, lately occupied by Peter
Sherron.

They have also for sale,
Bar-Iron and Steel.

December 11.

TO RENT,

A handsome convenient two story Brick
Dwelling House, with out houses complete,
and garden situated on Patrick between King
and Prince-streets.

A L & O,
A convenient two story Frame House on
the Mall. Apply to

Maac Gibson.

January 15.

For Sale or Hire,

Two smart NEGRO BOYS, who about
eighteen, the youngest about sixteen
years of age.—Enquiry of the Printer.

January 11.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 18.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, December 21.
DEBATE

ON THE JOINT RESOLUTION

Approving the conduct of the Executive
in relation to the refusal to receive any
further communication from Francis J. Jackson.

[CONTINUED.]

In committee of the whole Mr. BASSET
is in the chair—

[Mr. Ross's speech concluded.]

In his letter of the 11th Oct. Mr. Jackson says to the secretary "you could not but have thought it unreasonable to complain of an act done under such circumstances as could only lead to the consequences that actually followed." Under what circumstances? Let me ask this house what circumstances could have induced Mr. Smith to have thought that the agreement then entered into would have been disavowed? Let me ask them to rack their inventions to discover any other circumstances than fraud, intrigue, or a knowledge that Mr. Erskine had no power. Can they discover any other reason why Mr. Jackson should make use of this expression? If they cannot, has Mr. Jackson discovered such incapacity as not to be supposed capable of conveying the ideas he intended? Here then I think is the ground work of this resolution, and it is laid in the very first letter of Mr. Jackson. True, sir, that is not the one recited in the resolution; but it is necessary to examine the tenor of the conduct of the gentleman who is alleged to have made the insinuation; and, by attending to the tenor of the paragraph, it will be recollected that it was the intention of Mr. Jackson to charge Mr. Smith with a knowledge, at the time of the arrangement, of Mr. Erskine's having exceeded his instructions. In the second paragraph from this sentence is also an insinuation that our government might have derived a knowledge of Mr. Erskine's want of power from Mr. Pickney, our minister in London; and I cannot, after reading it with the greatest attention, discover any other view with which that clause was introduced into the letter.

Having thus looked into the first letter, and having, as I conceive, discovered reasonable grounds to say that Mr. Jackson, in the very outset of this correspondence, discovered a disposition to insult our government by charging them with making an arrangement which they knew must be disavowed, which carried with it the inference that it was done in a dishonorable manner, and if such be the inference, there is no member who will not say that it was an insult to the country—Let us now see what he says in his letter of the 23d of October; in that Mr. Jackson says, "These instructions, I now understand by your letter, as well as from the obvious deduction which I took the liberty of making in mine of the 11th inst. were at the time in substance made known to you; no stronger illustration therefore can be given of the division from them that occurred; than by a reference to the terms of your agreement." How did he come to the knowledge that these instructions were in substance made known to Mr. Smith? From what part of this correspondence can any gentleman collect that Mr. Jackson had a right to draw the conclusion which he did? It is true that Mr. Smith acknowledged that three conditions had been communicated to him, but no where is there proof that the instructions were made known to him. Mr. Jackson speaks in one place of conditions; but where he speaks of the knowledge of Mr. Smith, he says that the instructions were made known to him. Was it not a substantial part of the despatch of the 23d January, that Mr. Erskine was to receive a concession of those three conditions therein mentioned, before he proceeded to make an arrangement at all? If the substance of that communication had been communicated to Mr. Smith, he must have known of this material part. I ask what other reasonable and fair conclusion

can be drawn from the expressions of Mr. Jackson just read? And does not Mr. Jackson, when he refers to the obvious deduction he made in his letter of the 11th, repeat the offensive passage quoted from it by me. In the very next paragraph of his letter of the 23d, he says, "You are already acquainted with that (instruction) which was given, and I have had the honor of informing you that it was the only one by which the conditions on which he was to conclude were prescribed." Here it may be observed, that Mr. Jackson's language is not so precise, that the conclusion may not be drawn that there were other instructions; and therefore I presume Mr. Smith is rescued from the imputation attempted to be cast upon him by the gentlemen from N. York, for I understood his argument to be that Mr. Jackson might have been guilty of petulance & impropriety, but that Mr. Smith was equally so in suggesting that there was more than one despatch, after Mr. Jackson had asserted to the contrary. Mr. Jackson does not give Mr. Smith that information. He only gives him the information that that was the only despatch which contained the conditions. There is certainly a difference between saying that was the only despatch and saying that it was the only despatch which prescribed the conditions. So that Mr. Smith, when he suggests that there was more than one despatch, does not by any means contradict what had been said by Mr. Jackson.

That this charge was intended to be made by Mr. Jackson, is put beyond all possibility of doubt by his letter of the 4th of November. Mr. Smith puts on a construction on the words contained in Mr. Jackson's letter of the 23d. He calls upon Mr. Jackson for an explanation, and tells him that the government of the United States understood his allusions to mean so and so; he throws the door wide open for him to explain himself to the government of the United States. Will gentlemen say that this conduct of Mr. Smith was not that liberal course which should be pursued? What more could any gentleman do if he had understood another gentleman's language and terms in a way calculated to give offence, than to call upon that gentleman for an explanation? If the person called upon did explain and say, "sir you have mistaken my meaning," the subject would be dropped, and friendship and correspondence be renewed. Was this course pursued by Mr. Jackson? No, sir; Mr. Jackson does not say that his meaning was misunderstood, or in any manner whatever deny that the construction put on his language was the true one. I ask gentlemen what stronger proof can there be of Mr. Jackson's having made use of the words with the intent attributed to him? If he did make use of them with that meaning and intent, I ask, if, after an explanation has been liberally, and with a forbearance seldom manifested, asked of him and refused, whether a member of this house can doubt the intention of that minister? Nay, I presume Mr. Jackson himself will not be very thankful to gentlemen for frittering away what he has said so as to make it appear to have a different meaning from that which he intended. Because when called on for that purpose, he declined giving any such explanations or constructions, to the offensive passages in his letters, as are now attempted to be given them by his friends.

The next enquiry under the resolution is, did he reiterate his gross insinuations? He did; and no gentleman can look to the last clause of that letter without saying that Mr. Jackson does reiterate every statement and insinuation he had undertaken to make; he not only forbore to give an explanation, but reiterated his offensive language.

Here then, sir, I apprehend we have proof of all the facts necessary to the support of this resolution. We have seen the executive part of our government insulted by a foreign minister; and it remains to be seen that that insult was not intended for the man but for the secretary of state; because I understood, from some expressions which have fallen from gentlemen, that they have a reluctance to involve their country in a war for a mere insult to a man. I really feel myself humbled at being compelled to go into this enquiry; but I believe I shall show that Mr. Jackson was not satisfied with insulting the secretary of state, and through him the government of the U. States; but has given the nation in the course of his correspondence one of the greatest insults that could be given to a people. In his letter of the 23d he more than insinuates that all honorable and manly resistance is banished from America, thus charging the American people with not having courage, spirit or honesty enough to resist the French decrees.

Without minutely calculating what may be the degree of pressure felt at Pa-

ris, by the difference in the price of goods whether landed at Havre or at Antwerp, I will, in my turn, appeal to your judgment, sir, whether it be not a strong and solid reason, worthy to guide the councils of a great and powerful monarch, to act bound to that spirit of encroachment and universal dominion which would bend all things to its own standard? Is it nothing in the present state of the world, when the agents of France authoritatively announce to their victims "that Europe is submitting and surrendering by degrees," that the world should know, that there is a nation which by that Divine goodness so strongly appealed to in the paper to which I allude, is enabled to defy the assertion? Is it not important at such a moment, that Europe and America should be convinced, that, from whatever countries honorable and manly resistance to such a spirit may have been banished, it will still be found in the sovereign of the British nation and in the hearts of his subjects."

What is this but to insinuate that this spirit has been banished from America;—that a spirit of resistance is neither to be found in the American government nor in the hearts of its citizens to the oppressive and domineering power of France? It proves to me beyond all possibility of doubt that Mr. Jackson came to this country with prejudices and prepossessions with regard to the spirit of the government, which he found (and I rejoice that he did) were incorrect. He seemed to suppose that we had banished every honorable and manly spirit, and that the British government might call upon us to bow to whatever idol she might set up; for, sir, calling upon us to agree to the conditions presented was in effect calling upon us to agree that Great-Britain should regulate the commerce of the world.

The gentleman from Rhode-Island in an impressive and eloquent manner spoke of the injuries of the country, and expressed his dissatisfaction at the resolution, inasmuch as it would place the interests of the country at the hazard of a war. I do not know, when a foreign government has by some means or other imbibed a notion that all honorable and manly spirit is banished from another government, that she shall be involved in a war with that government by shewing that all honorable & manly spirit is not banished from among us.—Therefore I do not see that the adoption of this resolution would have a tendency to involve us in war. If the gentleman be really sincere in his desire of seeing our rights asserted in a manly manner, I ask him why he should be afraid to assert our rights in the manner proposed by this resolution? Let me ask why we should be afraid of being involved in a war? Our rights have been invaded, our neutral trade destroyed by that domineering power; and altho' those gentlemen who are in opposition to this resolution have been generally in favor of protecting these rights, and gentlemen in favor of it have reluctantly protected them, it is strange that the latter should be in favor of strong measures, and that fear should come from the side where it does. Are the opposition more intent on degrading the administration than in protecting commerce? Shall we lose any of our rights by war? Will we be deprived of any comforts by it? Is it true that it is said that our treasury is not in a situation to go to war. Will gentlemen calculate the expense of maintaining our rights or revenging our wrongs? I presume as Americans they will not.

It has been said by a gentleman from N. York, that he is opposed to this resolution, because he conceives that the president did not consult the interest of the U. States by breaking off this negotiation. I am perfectly at a loss, sir, to know what the gentleman would have wished him to have done. If it be true that insults have been offered to our government—and I should suppose that every gentleman looking with a sole eye to discover the meaning of the terms used, would agree with me on this point—I ask what could the government do? There was no hope that any terms could be agreed upon with Mr. Jackson to which the American government could subscribe. It has been said that Mr. Jackson was empowered to conclude a convention; but sir he only says that he was empowered to receive and discuss such propositions as should be made to him; and in another paragraph he says that the British government can never cease to maintain the principles of the orders in council. When this house has almost unanimously declared that the U. States can never submit to the orders in council, and the British government has declared it never would yield them, I ask what hope could remain of a beneficial effect to be derived from a further negotiation, putting out of view, the circumstances which imperiously put an end to it?

At an election held at the residence of the Hon. Mr. Jackson, on the 15th of October, 1809, for the purpose of electing a convention to consider a treaty with the American government's subscribing to its own degradation; on its surrendering all those neutral rights, the contending for which placed us in our present situation. Why do gentlemen talk about the danger of involving the nation in a war by the adoption of these resolutions? Are they afraid of being involved in a war, in defence of the nation's rights, if these terms and these conditions be prescribed as the ultimatum of the British government? Subscribe to her conditions, give up your neutral rights, do every thing she wishes, and she will be your best friend, she will give you her manufactures and take your money. And if we have no hope of receiving better terms, why should we pocket insult after insult, to effect no real object? Sir, I can see nothing to induce the house to refuse to adopt this resolution on the ground that adopting it will produce a war with England—I think it is most devoutly to be wished for in preference to the terms which have been offered to us. The American people must and will rise from their slumbers; they must defend their rights and support their government; and not only that, they must and will discriminate between their friends and enemies. The crisis is fast approaching to this event, and it requires no penetration to see that ere long such a course will have to be adopted. Is it not important that this resolution should be adopted on this momentous occasion? Will it have no effect at a time when strength ought to be given to the administration? Will it not nerve the arm and give confidence to the heart of the executive to guide the vessel of state? It appears to me its adoption will produce very beneficial effects by shewing to the world that undiminished confidence is placed in the administration of our government.

I have thus endeavored to shew, as far as my feeble abilities would enable me, that we are not only justifiable in adopting this resolution, as respects the truth of the facts it states, but by expediency and propriety also. I have perhaps trespass on the attention of the committee for too great a portion of their time; but I hope to be excused by the importance of the subject.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. William Hodgson, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on the first day of February next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grant for the same, in the county of Montgomery, in the state of Virginia.

The above tract of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres, and bearing date on the first day of October, 1786, which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.
Nov. 27.

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

INSURANCE OFFICE, 19th Dec. 1809.

THE Stockholders in this institution are hereby notified, that an election of fifteen directors, will be held at the court house in Alexandria, on Monday the 15th day of January next, ensuing.

By order,

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'y.
Law 18th Jan.

Mr. Davis, of Richmond, will insert the above advertisement in his paper once a week till the 15th of January.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

Just received for sale by

James Kennedy, Sen.

A Letter on the Genius and Dispositions of the French Government, including a view of the "Tatation of the French Empire"—by an American recently returned from Europe.

A. L. B. D.

The Parents Assistant, or Stories for Children—by Maria Edgeworth.
January 18.

THURSDAY.

At an election held at the residence of the Hon. Mr. Jackson, on the 15th of October, 1809, for the purpose of electing a convention to consider a treaty with the American government's subscribing to its own degradation; on its surrendering all those neutral rights, the contending for which placed us in our present situation.

Charles Stans
Joseph Thos
Hugh Smith
John Dun
John Fann
A. C. Cozen
John Hopkin
William Her
William Fann

And at a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Alexandria, on the 15th of October, 1809, for the purpose of electing a convention to consider a treaty with the American government's subscribing to its own degradation; on its surrendering all those neutral rights, the contending for which placed us in our present situation.

On Monday last the Directors of the Bank of Alexandria, on the 15th of October, 1809, for the purpose of electing a convention to consider a treaty with the American government's subscribing to its own degradation; on its surrendering all those neutral rights, the contending for which placed us in our present situation.

On Monday last the Directors of the Bank of Alexandria, on the 15th of October, 1809, for the purpose of electing a convention to consider a treaty with the American government's subscribing to its own degradation; on its surrendering all those neutral rights, the contending for which placed us in our present situation.

William Har
William Her
James Paton
Joseph Ridd
Jacob Hoffm
John Ramsa
James H. H
Jonah Thos
Guthbert Pos
Charles L. Co
John Fanne
John C. Voo
Charles Sim
William Han
John Hopkin

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Alexandria, on the 15th of October, 1809, for the purpose of electing a convention to consider a treaty with the American government's subscribing to its own degradation; on its surrendering all those neutral rights, the contending for which placed us in our present situation.

Sales at Auction on the 13th of October 18 dollars per bag 10 1-2 Nankens 66 1-2 per private sale 18-

A letter dated at the Polk's capital, La Tilt, was received brig Salam restored to captain's board.

[La Tilt, we port, reported went afterwards understand the things necessary for useful labor, Salamine, which returned to entered our was ordered out. T would call "equations"]

The new from and sent to the New York, on board having which are Sp the loss of 3000 and that they of Madrid and Cooper, of the yesterday from the 15th of Dec rival at New of the report from the circ taken from from Madrid Friar, and with the great loss, the Manchester

Alexandria Daily Gazette

THURSDAY, JANUARY 12.

At an election held on Monday last, for Directors of the Bank of Alexandria, for the ensuing year, the following gentlemen were chosen:

Charles Simms,
Jonah Thompson,
Hugh Smith,
John Dundas,
John Janney,
A. C. Cazenove,
John Hopkins,
William Herbert,
William Fowler.

And at a meeting of the Directors, William Herbert, Esq. was re-elected President, and Thomas Irwin a Director, to fill the vacancy. Mr. Irwin declined serving.

Hugh Smith has resigned his situation as Director of the Bank of Alexandria.

On Monday last an election was held for Directors of the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria, when the following gentlemen were duly elected:

William Hartshorne,
William Herbert,
James Patton,
Joseph Riddle,
Jacob Hoffman,
John Ramsay,
James H. Hoce,
Jonah Thompson,
Guthbert Powell,
Charles I. Catlett,
John Janney,
John C. Vowell,
Charles Simms,
William Hodgson,
John Hopkins.

At a meeting of the Directors, William Hartshorne was re-elected President, and Ferdinand Marsteller chosen to fill the vacancy.

Sales at Auction at the Rock of Gibraltar on the 13th of October—Martinique coffee 13 dollars per Cwt. White Havana sugar 10 1-2—Martinique clayed 8 1-2—Nankeens 66 1-2 per piece—Brazil coffee at private sale 18.

A letter dated at sea, Oct. 24, states that the Polka, captain Ebenezer Perkins, of Casine, a prize to the French privateer La Tihit, was re-captured by the British armed brig Salamine, capt. Wilkinson, and restored to captain Perkins, who was found on board.

(New York Gaz.)

[La Tihit, we believe, arrived at this port, reported as a national vessel, and went afterwards to Baltimore, where we understand she was furnished with all things necessary to enable her to prosecute her "useful labors." If the British brig Salamine, whose commander so generously restored to capt. Perkins his vessel, had entered our waters, she would have been ordered out. This is what Mr. Jefferson would call "equal and exact justice to all nations."]

The news from Spain.—We do not wish any credit to the information received from New York, via Lisbon, Dec. 2, of a great battle having been fought near Madrid, in which the Spaniards were defeated, with the loss of 5000 killed and 7000 wounded, and that they afterwards set fire to the city of Madrid and reduced it to ashes. Capt. Cooper, of the ship Atalanta, arrived here yesterday from Lisbon, which he left on the 12th of Dec. ten days later than the arrival at New York, brings no confirmation of the report. It probably took its rise from the circumstance of an action having taken place at Madrid (about 30 leagues from Madrid) between the Spanish general Friere, and a corps of 6000 French, in which the latter were obliged to retreat with great loss, leaving the whole province of La Mancha in the power of the Spaniards. (Freeman's Journal.)

New-York, January 12.

Latest News from Portugal.

Yesterday arrived at this port, the ship Phocion, capt. Coffin, from Lisbon, which port she left on the 2d of December. From captain Coffin we learn, verbally, that a battle had been recently fought near Madrid, between the French army under gen. Victor, and a Spanish army, in which the latter were defeated with the loss of 5000 men killed, and 7000 prisoners—that the city of Madrid had been burnt by the Spaniards that lived in the city, and that one section of the British army had embarked on board the transports in the Tagus.

(Captain C. has obligingly favored us with a file of Lisbon papers to the latter end of Nov. but they do not furnish the account of the above mentioned battle, or any other news of great importance.)

Cotton, of the growth and from the U. States, cannot be re-exported at Lisbon without paying a duty of 30 per cent. ad valorem, valuing the cotton at 9d sterling, with 12 per cent. other charges. Pot and pearl ashes, re-exportation duty 3 dollars per barrel; flour one dollar; tobacco 10 per cent. invoice cost; staves 50 per cent.

Translations from Lisbon papers to the latter end of November.

A battle was fought on the 6th of November at Madridjos, between the Spanish army under the command of field marshal Manuel Friere, and a French army consisting of 2600 foot and 300 horse—The battle continued the whole day, with considerable loss on both sides. On the 8th the French were obliged to abandon their position at Guerdia. The result of this action is stated to have reflected great honor on the marshal Friere and his troops, and to have again placed the province of La Mancha in the power of the Patriots.

The Central Junta, have determined to increase their army to 150,000 men.

[The Lisbon papers notice the destruction of the French fleet in the Bay of Rosas, by lord Collingwood's squadron—That the French fleet was commanded by admiral Gantheaume, consisting of 3 ships of the line, two frigates, and 20 transports, having sailed from Toulon on the 20th of October; the whole fleet, excepting one frigate, was taken or destroyed.]

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, January 17.

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

Mr. Poindexter reported a bill extending the right of suffrage to the citizens of Madison county in the Mississippi territory. Read twice, and referred to a committee of the whole house on Monday next.

Mr. Johnson from the committee of claims, reported a bill for the relief of Isaac Briggs. Read twice and referred to a committee of the whole house on Monday next.

Mr. Johnson, from the same committee, made several reports on private petitions.

Mr. Sammons presented the petition of Peter Stefford, praying compensation for his skill in protecting wheat from smut.

This word was so often repeated in the petition, that it produced some pleasantry among the members, who called it a smutty petition. It was referred to a select committee.

Mr. Gold offered a resolution to appoint a committee to enquire into the state of the public arsenals at West Point, in the state of New-York, and the condition of the public property deposited there, and what measures ought to be taken for the preservation thereof; and that they enquire into the expediency of providing by law for settling the boundary of the public lands at West Point, and that the committee have leave to report by bill or otherwise. Adopted and a committee of five appointed.

Mr. Newton reported a long bill "for the benefit of American seamen." Read twice and referred to a committee of the whole house on Wednesday.

Mr. Fish offered a resolution to instruct the committee on fortifications to enquire into the expediency of repairing the fortifications at West Point, and that they have

leave to report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

Mr. Burwell offered a resolution to instruct the committee of accounts to enquire how the contract of the Clerk for supplying the house with stationery had been executed, and that they enquire into the expediency of altering the mode of supplying the house with stationery, so that each member may at the commencement of every session be supplied with a certain quantity of stationery not exceeding dollars.

On motion of Mr. Rhea the question on the resolution was divided at the word executed. The first part was carried, the last part, in italics, was taken by yeas and nays, and also carried: yeas 111, nays 8.

The unfinished business of yesterday being called for, Mr. Livermore moved to postpone it until to-morrow. The postponement was carried, 59 in the affirmative.

Mr. Newton called for the order of the day on the bill to deprive vessels of their American character in certain cases. The house went into committee of the whole, Mr. HELMS in the chair.

Mr. Fish moved an amendment, to authorize the President of the United States to employ any part of the naval force of the United States, which he may think proper, to enforce the regulations of this act, and to bring to punishment those who may violate such regulations.

The committee then rose, reported progress and had leave to sit again.

The order of the day was called on the bill for the relief of Harry Caldwell and Amasa Jackson. The house went into committee of the whole on said bill, Mr. Bassett in the chair.

The bill was amended so as to embrace several other cases of the same kind with that of Messrs. Caldwell & Jackson. The committee then rose and reported the bill with the amendments. The house then took up the bill and ordered it for a third reading to-morrow.

The house then took up the order of the day on the bill for the relief of John A. Stuart, in committee of the whole, Mr. HELMS in the chair. The committee rose and reported the bill without amendment. Ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

The house, on motion of Mr. Love, went into committee of the whole on the bill authorizing the removing of slaves from one part of the District of Columbia to another.

The bill was reported without amendment. The house took it up and ordered it to a third reading to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Talmadge the house went into committee of the whole on the bill authorizing a detachment from the militia of the United States; Mr. BASSETT in the chair.

Advertisement.

WHEREAS my wife Elizabeth did abscond from me on Wednesday the 1st of January, 1810, and my son James the 4th, before I forwarn all persons harboring him and those who may please to harbor him may do it at their own expense.

George Hill.

Alexandria Dancing Assemblies.

The second Alexandria Dancing Assembly will be on FRIDAY evening next the 18th inst.—The third on FRIDAY evening the 2d of February;—and the fourth two weeks after the Birth Night.

The Managers.

January 15. at 19th.

Ten Dollars Reward

For apprehending and delivering to me a negro man named SAM, who left this on the 12th instant: he is by trade a blacksmith, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, rather slender in form, and has a pleasant countenance. If taken out of this county an additional compensation will be allowed.

Bushrod Washington.

January 15—16; Mount Vernon 23y.

Extract of an Act of the Corporation of Alexandria, for the extinguishment of Fire.

SECTION 7. If any person who shall be present at any fire shall neglect or refuse to obey the order of direction of any officer who shall be appointed by any Fire Company established, or which may be hereafter established, knowing that to be an officer, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars: Provided the name of such officer shall have been first published in one of the public papers.

At a meeting of the Friendship Fire Company, held at Mr. John Hodgkin's Tavern, January 8th, 1810, the following Officers have been elected for the present year:—

James M'Guire, 1st	Commanders.
Charles M'Knight, 2d	
James Galt, 3d	
James Allan,	Subordinate Directors.
Charles Pucor,	
Matthew Robinson,	
Joseph Thornton,	Regulators.
Nicholas Hingston,	
John Cohagen,	
John Hodgkin,	Trustees.
Richard Weightman,	
John Longden,	
Aaron Hewes,	

Extract from the Minutes.

Test—MATTHEW ROBINSON,

Secretary.

Jan. 18.

Public Sale on Conway's wharf.

On SATURDAY next, the 30th instant, at eleven o'clock, A. M. will be sold, The entire CARGO of the Brig Mary-Ann, Capt. Dyer, from Cadiz,

CONSISTING OF—

48 quarter casks old Sherry Wine,
178 jars Olives,
25 casks Raisins,
200 boxes Muscadell and Bloem do.
9 bags Walnuts,
10 do. Filberts,
6 do. Soft-shelled Almonds,
100 frails Figs,
One bale Straw Carpets and Mats, and between 4000 and 4500 bushels Salt.

And immediately after,

Will be sold, the said Brig.

With all her furniture and apparel as she came from sea.

Terms will be made known at the time of sale.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

January 18.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold at the Vendue Store, on a credit of three months, A Negro Lad of seventeen years, who has eighteen years to serve.

P. G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next will be sold at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the underwriters,

One foresail, one cabouse and a pump, damaged on board the schooner Maria, John M'Knight, master.

Philip G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, 25th instant, will be sold, on the premises, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months,

Two two story Brick Houses situated on Royal street, between Prince and Duke streets, and several vacant Lots of Ground, situated on Royal & Duke streets.

P. G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Public Sale.

At one o'clock, P. M. on SATURDAY the 10th day of February next, the subscriber will offer for sale, at the public house,

A Lot of Ground on the north side of King street, between Prince and Duke streets, containing in front of King street 24 feet 4 inches, in depth 20 feet, bounded on the north by Rainey's alley.

The sale will be made under a deed of trust to the subscriber, and an indisputable title conveyed to the purchaser. A credit of three, six, and 9 months will be allowed on good negotiable notes with an approved endorser. A lien on the property will be retained until payment.

R. L. Taylor.

January 18.

A FEW HOGS FOR SALE.

First quality Molasses,

FOR SALE BY

Robert Anderson.

January 18.

District of Columbia.

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit:
November Term, 1899.

James Donlap, James Wilson,
and Adam Stewart, surviving
partners of Colla Dunlap &
Son & Company,

complainants,

AGAINST
Hugh Stewart, Charles I. Love
and Humphrey Peake, *de f's*

The defendant, Hugh Stewart,
not having entered his appearance and given
security according to the act of assembly and
the rules of this court, and it appearing to the
satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that
the said Hugh Stewart is not an inhabitant
of this district—on motion of the said com-
plainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the
said defendant, Hugh Stewart, do appear
here on the first day of next term, and enter
his appearance to the suit and give security
for performing the decree of the court, & that
the other defendants, Charles I. Love and
Humphrey Peake, do not pay away, convey,
or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the
estate or effects in their hands, belonging to
the said absent defendant, until the further
order or decree of this court, and that a
copy of this order be forthwith published
for two months successively in one of the
public newspapers published in this county,
and that another copy be posted at the front
door of the court house of said county.

A copy—Test,
G. Deneale, c. c.

January 13 law2m

District of Columbia,

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit.
November Term, 1899.

Jacob Hoffman, complainant,
vs.
Judith Skinner, executrix of
Isaac Skinner, deceased, &
the President and Direc-
tors of the Bank of Alex-
andria, defendants.

The defendant JUDITH SKINNER,
executrix of ISAAC SKINNER, deceased,
not having entered her appearance and given
security according to the act of assembly and
the rules of this court, and it appearing to the
satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the
said defendant Judith Skinner is not an in-
habitant of this district—on motion of the
said complainant by his counsel, it is ordered,
that the said defendant Judith Skinner do
appear here on the first day of next term, and
enter her appearance to the suit, and give se-
curity for performing the decree of the court
and that the other defendants the President
and Directors of the Bank of Alexandria, do
not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts
by them owing to, or the estate or effects in
their hands, belonging to the said absent defendant
Judith Skinner, until the further order or
decree of the court, and that a copy of this or-
der be forthwith published for two months
successively, in one of the public newspapers,
published in this county and that another copy
be posted at the front door of the court house
of said county.

A Copy—Test,
G. Deneale, c. c.

January 13 law2m

District of Columbia,

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit.
November Term, 1899.

William Newton, complainant,
vs.
John Mills, the elder, John
Mills, jun. Thomas Swann,
the President, Directors and
Company of the Bank of A-
lexandria, Dennis McCarty
Johnston, Christian Hen-
ricle, Bethurst Wangerfield,
William Yegon, James An-
derson, Joseph Milburn, Eve
Boyer, Benjamin Beden,
William Hartshorne, Wil-
liam Herbert, Alex. Vieth,
John Hunter, George Gilpin,
William Rhodes, John Wise,
Robert G. Langphier, James
Sanderson, agent for Henry
Thompson, executor of John
Foster, and also, individually,
and the President, Directors
and Company of the Bank of
Potomac and William David-
son, defendants.

The defendant, William Da-
vidson, not having entered his appearance
and given security according to the rules
of this court, and it appearing to the satis-
faction of the court that he is not an in-
habitant of this district—on motion of the
said complainant by his counsel, it is order-
ed, that the said defendant do appear here on
the first day of July term next, and an-
swer the plaintiff's bill, and that a copy of
this order be forthwith published for two
months successively in one of the public
newspapers published in this county, and that
another copy be posted at the front door of
the court house of said county.

A copy—Test,
G. DENEALE, c. c.

District of Columbia,

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA, ss.
November Term, 1899.

Henry Gannell, complainant,
vs.
William S. Gantt and Lud-
well Lee, defendants.

The defendant, Wm. S. Gantt,
not having entered his appearance and given
security according to the act of assembly and
the rules of this court, and it appearing to the
satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that
the said defendant Wm. S. Gantt, is not an in-
habitant of this district: on motion of the
said complainant by his counsel, it is or-
dered, that the said defendant Wm. S. Gantt,
do appear here on the first day of next term,
and enter his appearance to the suit and give
security for performing the decree of the
court, and that the other defendant Ludwell
Lee, do not pay away, convey or secrete
the debts by him owing to, or the estate or
effects in his hands belonging to the said ab-
sent defendant Wm. S. Gantt, until the fur-
ther order or decree of the court, and that a
copy of this order be forthwith published for
two months successively, in one of the public
newspapers published in this county, and that
another copy be posted at the front door of
the court house of said county.

A copy—Test,
G. Deneale, c. c.

Jan. 13. law2m

District of Columbia,

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA,
November Term, 1899.

William Prout, complainant,
against
Anthony E. Nichols and Ca-
leth Hand, defendants.

The defendant Anthony E.
Nichols not having entered his appearance and
given security according to the act of assem-
bly and the rules of this court, and it appear-
ing to the satisfaction of the court upon affida-
vit that the said defendant, Anty. E. Nichols,
is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion
of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is
ordered, that the said defendant Anty. E. Ni-
chols, do appear here on the first day of
next term, and enter his appearance to the
suit and give security for performing the de-
cree of the court and that the other defend-
ant Caleb Hand, do not pay away, convey,
or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the
estate or effects in his hands belonging to the
said absent defendant Anty. E. Nichols, until
the further order or decree of the court, and
that a copy of this order be forthwith publish-
ed for two months successively, in one of the
public newspapers published in this county,
and that another copy be posted at the front
door of the court house of said county.

A copy—Test,
G. Deneale, c. c.

January 13. law2m

District of Columbia,

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit.
November Term, 1899.

Peter Kemp, complainant,
vs.
Walter D. Brooke, and Chs.
I. Catlett, defendants.

The defendant Walter D.
Brooke, not having entered his appearance
and given security according to the act of
assembly and the rules of this court, and it
appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon
affidavit, that the said defendant Walter D.
Brooke, is not an inhabitant of this district:
On motion of the said complainant by his
counsel, it is ordered that the said defend-
ant Walter D. Brooke, do appear here on the
first day of next term, and enter his appear-
ance to the suit, and give security for per-
forming the decrees of the court, and that the
other defendant Chs. I. Catlett, do not pay
away, convey or secrete the debts by him
owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands
belonging to the said absent defendant, Wal-
ter D. Brooke, until the further order or de-
cree of this court, and that a copy of this
order be forthwith published for two months
successively in both of the public newspa-
pers published in this county, and that an-
other copy be posted at the front door of
the court-house of said county.

A copy. Test,
G. DENEALE, C. C.

Jan. 13. law2m

LEWIS PILES

Respectfully informs the public that he has
commenced the BLACKSMITH'S BUSI-
NESS on his own account, on Washington-
street, opposite the Methodist meeting-
house, where he is prepared and will be hap-
py to execute the orders of such as may fa-
vor him with their custom in the best man-
ner and on the cheapest terms.

John Errenshaw

carries on at the same place the WHEEL-
RIGHT BUSINESS in the best manner—
he has on hand a quantity of seasoned timber
and is prepared to execute orders with faith-
fulness and promptitude.

January 5. colt

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Jan. Term, 1900.
Ordered, That the executors of Christian
Ludwick Hellrigel, deceased, do insert the
following advertisement three times in each
week for four weeks, in the Alexandria
Daily Gazette.

Teste,
Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers of Alexandria coun-
ty, in the district of Columbia, have obtained
from the Orphan's Court of said county, let-
ters testamentary on the estate of Christian
Ludwick Hellrigel, late of the county aforesaid
decd'd, all persons having claims against said
deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the
same, with the vouchers thereof, to the sub-
scribers on or before the 10th day of July next,
or they may by law be excluded from all be-
nefit to said estate, and those indebted there-
to are required to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 10th day of Jan-
uary, 1900.

Barbara Hellrigel, Ex'rx.

Jacob Christian Hellrigel,

John Douglas,

Ex'rs of Christian Ludwick Hellrigel.

January 10. law2m

Bank of Alexandria.

JANUARY 1, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stock-
holders of the Bank of Alexandria, that
a dividend of three and a half per cent. on the
capital stock of said Bank for the half year
ending this day is declared, and will be ready
to be paid to them on Thursday the 4th inst.

By order of the President and Directors,
Gurden Chapin, Cashier.

January 2. col3w

ANTHONY RHODES,

PRINCE-STREET,
HAS FOR SALE,

FACTORY COTTON Yarn of various
numbers, for weaving and knitting, A-
merican Gingham, Stripes, Chambrays,
Bedticking, Shirting, Sheetings and Diapers,
also Cotton Threads of various colors, all at
factory prices—Rhode Island Cheese, Potat-
oes, Cyder and Apples, by the barrel,
Beef and Herring, per barrel, Mould & dip't
Candles, per box, Sugar, per barrel, Currant
Wine, per barrel, Cotton, per bale, coarse
Cotton Handkerchiefs, per bale or piece—Al-
so a number of Rhode-Island built Moses
Bonts—Mens and Womens Shoes, and Gro-
ceries as usual.

January 9. col

Mount-Vernon Fisheries

TO RENT

THE above FISHERIES will be rented
for the ensuing season, or leased if re-
quired for a term of years, on very advan-
tageous terms, to any person disposed to take
the same. Apply to

Bushrod Washington,

Mount-Vernon, or

Alexander Moore,

of Alexandria law2m

January 10.

Notice is hereby given

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,
THAT an election will be held at the court
house in this town, on the third Monday in
January next, for the purpose of choosing nine
Directors for the ensuing year agreeably to
charter.

By order of the President and Directors,
Gurden Chapin, Cash.

December 19. col

For Rent or Sale,

A Bake-house & Dwelling-house.

THAT Bake House and Dwelling House
situate at the corner of Water and Oronoko
streets, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew
Jamieson. Possession may be had the first
day of January next.

John Dundas.

November 17. law2m

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the House
on Fairfax-street, in Alexandria, now
occupied by Mrs. S. Aickells. The assas-
sors say this property is worth four thousand
two hundred dollars, and have, year after
year, assessed it at this sum; but the
subscriber now offers it for sale at the half-
the assessed value.

He also offers for sale,

The vacant Lots on Fairfax and Franklin-
streets. Assessors have said that these Lots
are worth three thousand two hundred dol-
lars per acre, and have assessed them at that
rate; but the subscriber will take less than
the half of that sum per acre.

He would gladly sell all his property on
the Mall—his Houses on King-street, near
Royal street—his Houses on the same street,
near Washington-street—his ground-rents,
or any other property he has in Alexandria,
on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months—Ap-
ply to Cuthbert Powell or

S. Cooke.

Leesburg, March 12. law

GRAND LOTTERY,

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dollars each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK.

Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac Denison,
Benjamin Devitt, AND
George Merbank, Stephen Thorne,
CHAS. M. K.

Prizes of \$25,000 is \$75,000

10,000 10,000

5,000 5,000

250 Tickets each, 7,000 7,000

2,000 4,000

1,000 5,000

30 300 14,000

30 100 5,000

100 50 5,000

200 20 4,000

10,500 10 103,000

10,924 Prizes, 249,000

24,076 Blanks, 244,000

35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is 244,000

Less than 2-4 blanks to a prize: subject

to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes paya-
ble 30 days after the conclusion of the draw-
ing.

OF THE ASSKED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled

to \$1,000.

1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from

No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.

1st do. 20th do. 350 do from No.

251 to 500, inclusive.

1st do. 25th do 550 do. from No.

22,001 to 22,250, inclusive.

1st do. 30th do. 350 do. from No.

22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.

1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.

1st do. 40th do. 1000

1st do. 45th do. \$5,000

Fi at 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a

Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the

City of New York on the third Tuesday in

April next, and will continue to draw 600

Tickets each day (except the last day, when

there will remain 800 to be drawn) until

finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Booksel-
ler, King street, Alexandria, where all tick-
ets sold by him may be examined, and infor-
mation obtained respecting the Lottery dur-
ing the drawing, free of expense. Prizes in
the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken
at their full value for tickets in this Lottery,
and the difference paid in cash. Cash will
also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn,
at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

Should the first number, on the 15th day

of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1

to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next

drawn number (not one of those numbers)

shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets,

with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn

to them previous to the 15th day of drawing;

and in the like manner with tickets for the

20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so

that a person with one ticket may draw One

Thousand Tickets! Question—How? An-
swer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property

of A, the first drawn number on the 15th day

of drawing, which will entitle A to the num-
bers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn num-
ber on the 20th day of drawing, may be No

173, which will entitle him to the numbers

from 251 to 500. The first drawn number,

on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will

entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to

22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn num-
ber, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one

of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will

entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to

22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets

may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust
from Samuel Bailey to us, for the purpose of
securing the payment of certain debts to Wil-
liam Wilson, surviving administrator of Cum-
berland Wilson, deceased, and to Benjamin
Boyle, we will offer at public sale, for cash,
on the 19th day of March next, at the front
door of the court-house, in Fairfax county,
a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county,
described in the deed as situated on Occoquan
Creek, adjoining to the town of Colchester,
and devised to the said Samuel Bailey by his
father William Bailey, supposed to contain
four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.

R. L. Taylor.

December 8. colt

STRONG BEER FOR SALE.

A few barrels of the first quality, made by
J. Leonard, Baltimore, of which I should have
a regular supply during the season, price six
dollars, barrels returnable.

JEROME PLUMMER.

January 9. law

VOL. X.]

Sales

in every

the Vendue

A Variety of Dry

Particulars of wh

the bills of the

which are on hand

which are establish

lowest and purchas

no prices.

P. O.

Wanted to Hire

A NEGRO MAN

house, and take ca

the Prisoner.

November 14.

FRESH

The subscriber has

Malaga Rai

Muscatel a

in boxes.

36 bags and

April 19.

Just P

[Price 12

For sale, at R. G.

A Discourse o

of the

By the Rev. Samu

dent of Pr

November 10.

NEW

COTTON

HAVE FOR

ALA